I. Basic Concepts for understanding politics & the state

1. POLITICS

- 1.1 Practice: human action analyzed in terms of its transformative effects on the world.
- 1.2 General format of discussions of practice
 - Raw material the object of transformation
 - The means of transformation the instruments, tools, organizations, etc. that are used to accomplish transformation
 - The *process* of transformation
 - The *product* of transformation

1.2 Political Practice compared to other practices

- Political practice: human social action that transforms social interactions into social relations.
- Economic practice transforms nature into use-values, and
- Ideological practice transforms human lived experience into subjectivity.
- **1.3 Reproduction as Transformation.**
- 1.4 Type vs Aspect of Practice.
- 1.5 Multiplicity of Types of Political Practice.

2. POLITICAL POWER

- 2.1 Power in General = the capacity to produce the transformations specific to a type of practice.
- 2.2 Instrumental & structural power.
- 2.3 Means & efficacy of Instruments of power.
- 2.4 Organizations as the "Means" of Politics.

3. DOMINATION

- 3.1 Power vs Domination as concepts.
- 3.2 The Multiple faces of Domination.
- 3.3 System-logic notions of power/domination

Level of power	Objective of power	Nature of politics
Systemic power	power over what game is to be played	revolutionary v counterrevolutionary politics
Institutional power	power over the <i>rules</i> of the game	reformist v reactionary politics
Situational power	power over plays within a given set of rules	Liberal vs conservative politics.

4. THE STATE

- **4.1 General definition:** (1) *the most superordinate,* (2) *territorially centralized* (3) *institution of domination society.* **4.2 Contrast with Weberian definitions and some Marxist definitions.**
- 4.3 Variability in the *degree of stateness*.

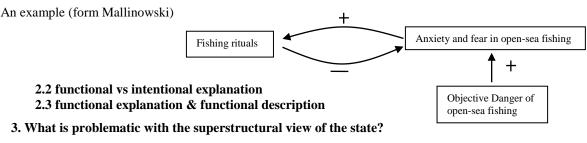
5. STATE AND CIVIL SOCIETY

II. The Classical Marxist theory of the state: the Base & Superstructure model

1. BASE/SUPERSTRUCTURE

2. FUNCTIONAL EXPLANATIONS

2.1 The structure of functional explanations: the beneficial effects of a structure help explain the structure.



4. Modifying the Functional Image.

- (1) State as arena of struggle \rightarrow contested functionality.
- (2) the State in a complex system \rightarrow *contradictory* functionality.
- (3) The state as an historically specific structure: contingent contradictory functionality.